

ACII 2023

#### **KRISTINA SCHAAFF, CAROLINE REINIG & TIM SCHLIPPE**

# **EXPLORING CHATGPT'S**

# **EMPATHIC ABILITIES**

Boston, 2023-09-11







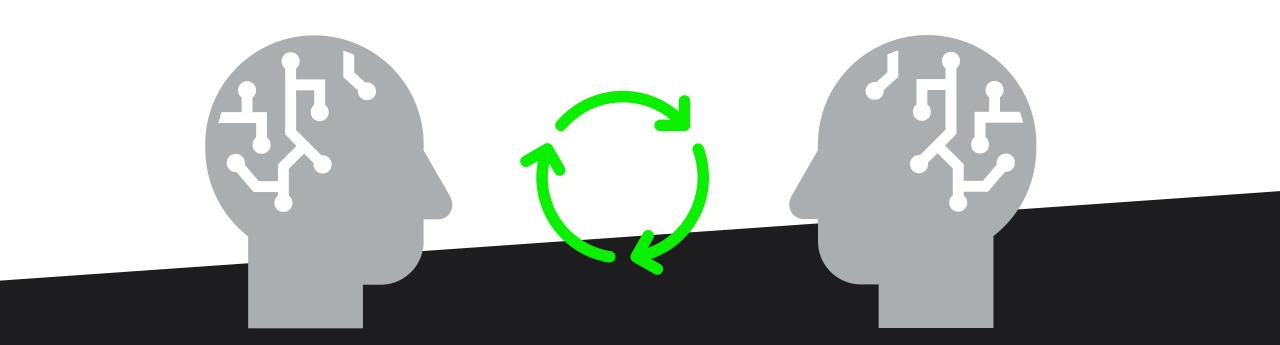




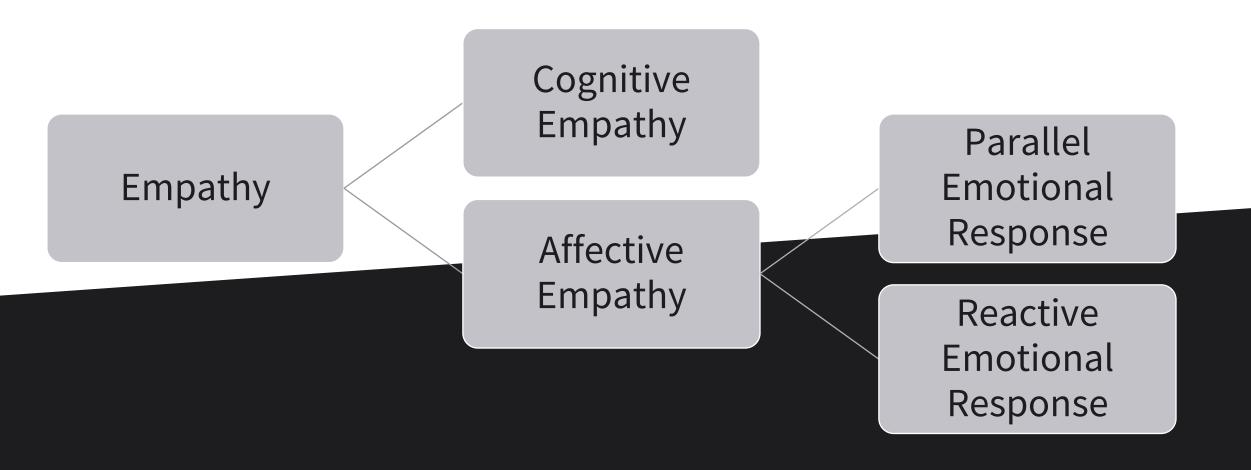
# **MOTIVATION & BACKGROUND**

## WHAT IS EMPATHY?





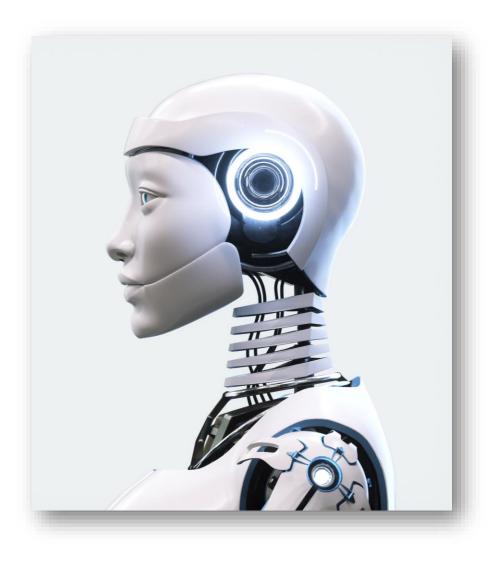




### **TYPICAL USE CASES FOR CHATBOTS**

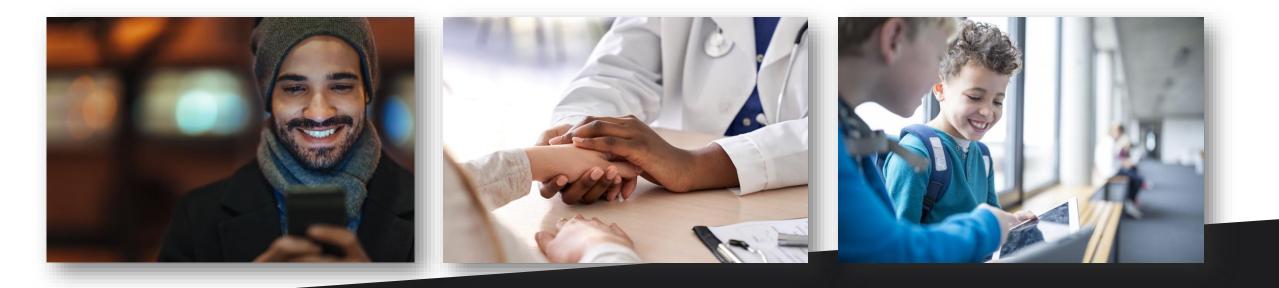






### WHY DO WE NEED EMPATHIC CHATBOTS?



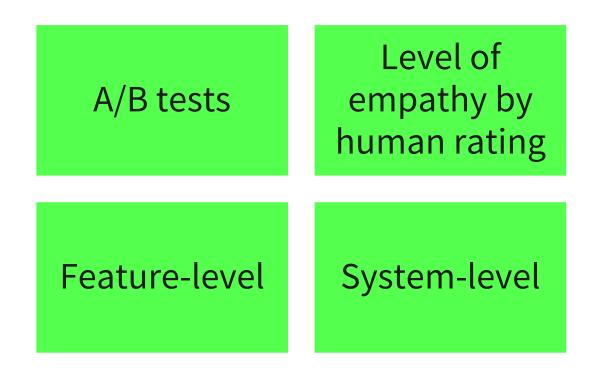


Improving User Experience & Acceptance Building Trust Enhance Engagement

# **RELATED WORK**



- GPT-3 showed a high psychopathy score  $\rightarrow$  lack of empathy (Li et al., 2022)
- No standardized or valid methods for measuring empathy in chatbots (Yalçın et al., 2019)



02



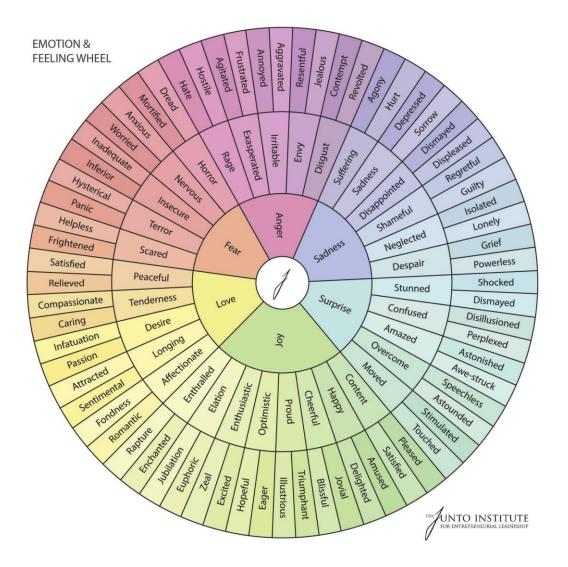
# **STUDY 1: UNDERSTANDING**

# **& EXPRESSING EMOTIONS**

### **EXPERIMENTAL SETUP: DATASET CREATION**



- 1) Picking neutral sentences covering different types of conversations
- 2) Let ChatGPT reformulate all items into a set of basic emotions
  - Joy
  - Love
  - Fear
  - Surprise
  - Sadness
  - Anger
- 3) Manually label the generated sentences to determine the accuracy of the model





#### Initial prompt

"We are celebrating my grandmother's 80<sup>th</sup> birthday today." "I can't believe we're supposed to be celebrating my grandmother's 80<sup>th</sup> birthday today - I am absolutely furious about it! There's so much to do, so many people to deal with, and it's just one more thing that I have to manage." Anger

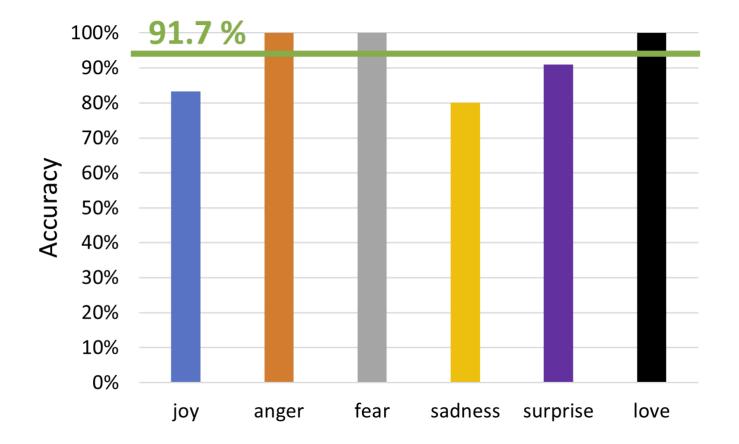
"Hooray! Today is my grandmother's 80<sup>th</sup> birthday, and we are absolutely thrilled to be celebrating!" **Jov** 

"I am filled with fear at the thought of celebrating my grandmother's 80<sup>th</sup> birthday today, as I worry about the possibility of something going wrong or unexpected events taking place."

ACII 2023 11 Exploring ChatGPT's Empathic Abilities



### DOES CHATGPT KNOW WHICH EMOTION IT IS EXPRESSING? RESULTS







# **STUDY 2: EXPRESSING EMPATHY**

# PARALLEL EMOTIONAL RESPONSE

## **PARALLEL EMOTIONAL RESPONSES**

Data collection:

20,327 EmpathicDialogues prompts (Rashkin et al., 2019)

#### Data evaluation:

Emotion classification model with the following labels:

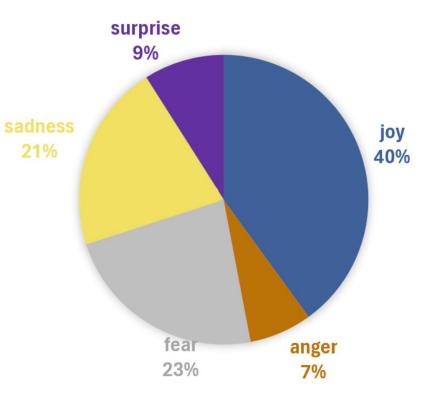
- Joy
- Fear
- Surprise
- Sadness
- Anger







## DOES CHATGPT KNOW WHICH EMOTION IT IS EXPRESSING? PARALLEL EMOTIONAL RESPONSE



#### **Emotional Response (ChatGPT)**

		јоу	anger	fear	sadness	surprise
- c	јоу	96,1%	0,7%	1,3%	1,5%	0,3%
	anger	57,6%	18,1%	10,6%	13,2%	0,6%
	fear	37,4%	1,3%	54,8%	6,2%	0,3%
	sadness . surprise	44,5%	1,3%	4,7%	49,2%	0,3%
ini (Hu	surprise	72,9%	1,2%	7,4%	3,5%	15,1%

04



# **STUDY 3:**

# **EMPATHIC PERSONALITY**

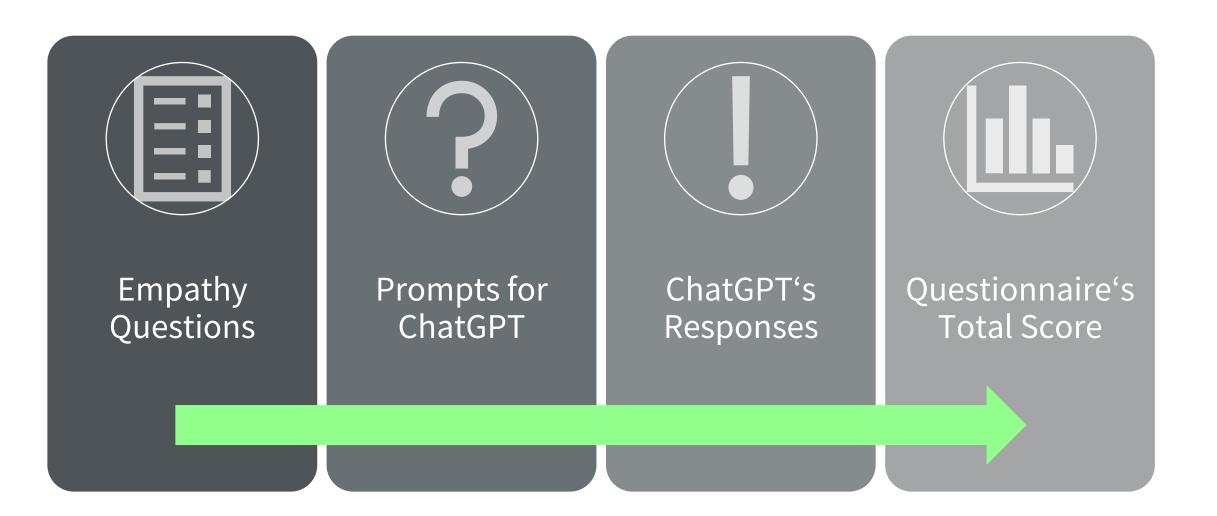


INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF APPLIED SCIENCES



## **EXPERIMENTAL SETUP**

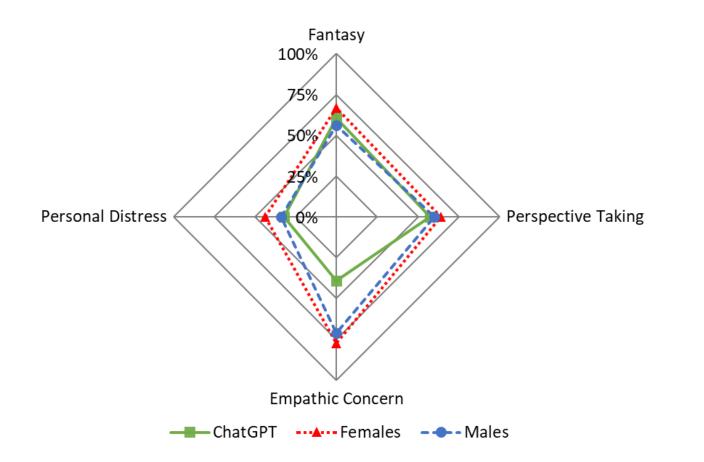








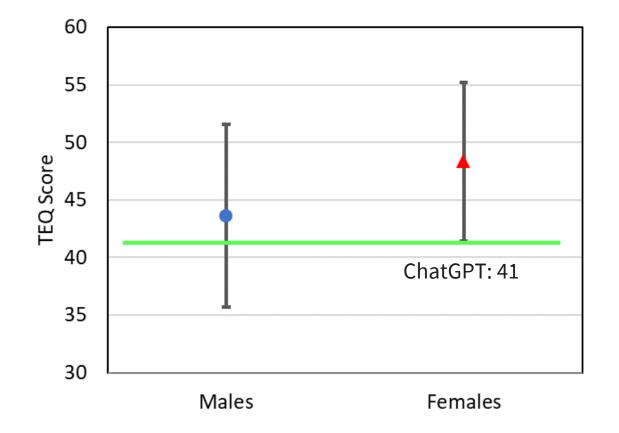
# - Interpersonal Reactivity Index -





# RESULTS

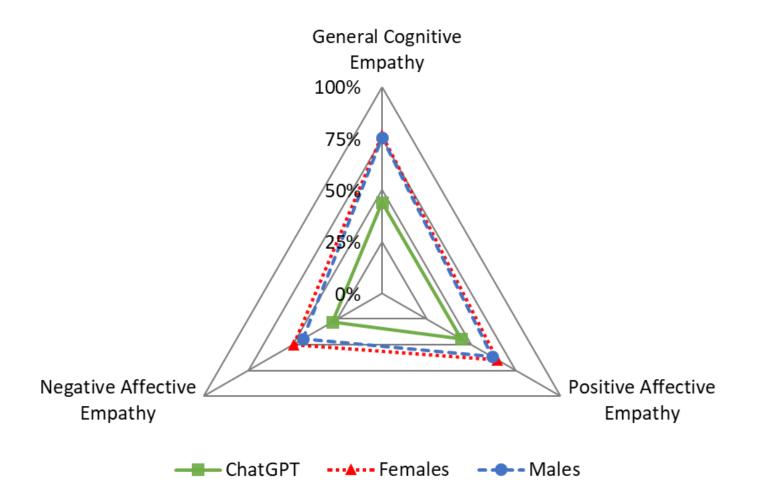
# - Toronto Empathy Questionnaire -







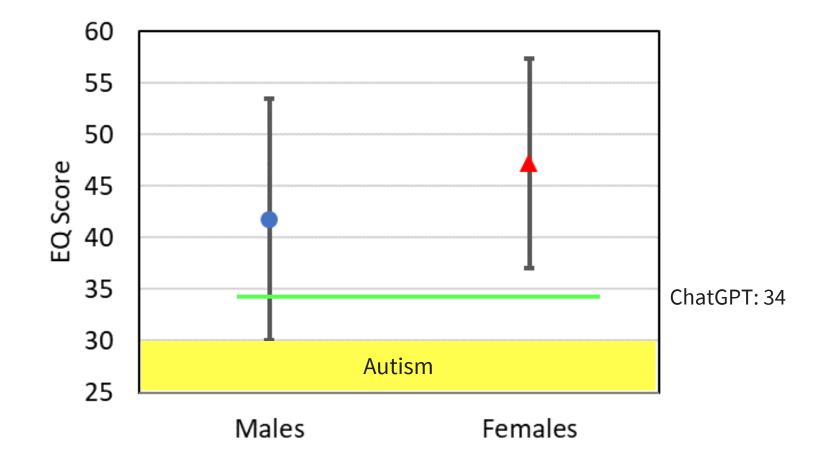
## - Perth Empathy Scale -





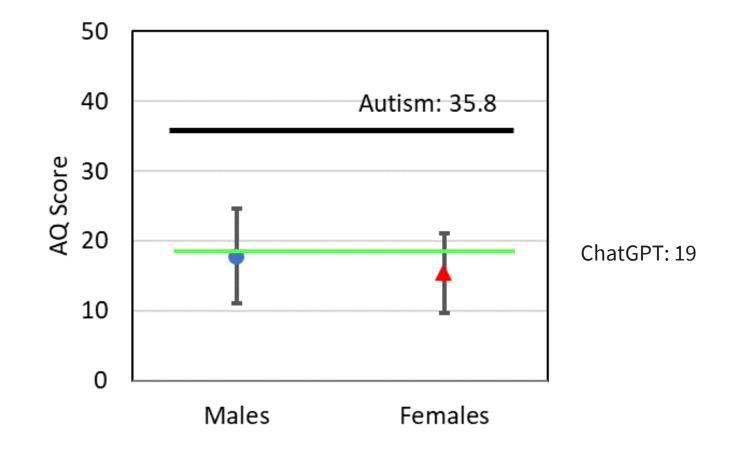


# - Empathy Quotient -





# - Autism-Spectrum Quotient -



RESULTS





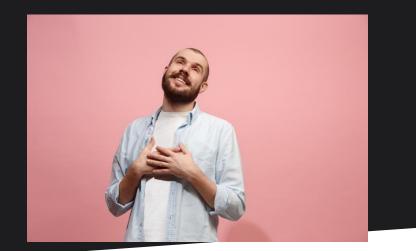
# **SUMMARY & CONCLUSIONS**

## **CONCLUSIONS**



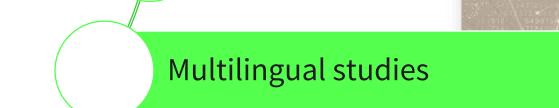






⇔Ability to express emotions ⇒Ability to showempathic responses

 ⇒ Less empathic than humans but more empathic than autistic people





### Comparison with further chatbots

### Increased number of emotions

**Reactive emotional responding** 

**FUTURE DIRECTIONS** 





R. L. Reniers, R. Corcoran, R. Drake, N. M. Shryane, and B. A. Völlm, "The QCAE: A Questionnaire of Cognitive and Affective Empathy," Journal of personality assessment, vol. 93, no. 1, pp. 84–95, 2011.

R. Chadha. (2022) The Junto Emotion Wheel: What it is, why we designed it and how it can be used. [Online]. Available: <u>https://www.thejuntoinstitute.com/emotion-wheels</u>.

M. Davis, "A Multidimensional Approach to Individual Differences in Empathy," JSAS Catalog of Selected Documents in Psychology, vol. 10, pp. 85–103, 01 1980.

J. D. Brett, R. Becerra, M. T. Maybery, and D. A. Preece, "The Psychometric Assessment of Empathy: Development and Validation of the Perth Empathy Scale," Assessment, 2022.

R. N. Spreng, M. C. McKinnon, R. A. Mar, and B. Levine, "The Toronto Empathy Questionnaire: Scale Development and Initial Validation of a Factor-Analytic Solution to Multiple Empathy Measures," Journal of Personality Assessment, vol. 91, no. 1, pp. 62–71, 2009.

S. Baron-Cohen and S. Wheelwright, "The Empathy Quotient: an Investigation of Adults with Asperger Syndrome or High Functioning Autism, and Normal Sex Differences," Journal of Autism and Developmental Disorders, vol. 34, pp. 163–175, 2004.

S. Baron-Cohen, S. Wheelwright, R. Skinner, J. Martin, and E. Clubley, "The Autism Spectrum Quotient (AQ): Evidence from Asperger Syndrome/High-Functioning Autism, Malesand Females, Scientists and Mathematicians," Journal of Autism and Developmental Disorders, vol. 31, pp. 5–17, 2001.

H. Rashkin, E. M. Smith, M. Li, and Y.-L. Boureau, "Towards Em pathetic Open-domain Conversation Models: A New Benchmark and Dataset," in Proceedings of the 57th Annual Meeting of the Association for Computational Linguistics, 2019, pp. 5370–5381.



# **THANK YOU**

Kristina Schaaff kristina.schaaff@iu.org Caroline Reinig Caroline.reinig@gmail.com